The effect, or lack thereof, of sediment supply and deposition on subsequent fall turbidity in Suisun Bay



David Schoellhamer USGS California Water Science Center



Motivation









Near-surface SSC at Mallard Island, September-October mean values, 1994-2013



SSC decreased ~50% 1994-2010



Near-surface SSC at Mallard Island, September-October mean values, 1994-2013





Why is Fall SSC high in some years?

Local trapping

Greater supply in preceding wet season

Greater tidal or wind forcing

Greater erodibility

Greater supply in fall



Why is Fall SSC high in some years?

Local trapping

Greater supply in preceding wet season



Sediment budget

Tidally-averaged suspended-sediment flux (SSF)





Suisun Bay sediment budget











Deposition, Mt











X2, km







Caveats

Only 2 years with Fall X2 in Suisun Bay

SSC grouping depends on trend assumption





Conclusions

- When Fall X2 is in Suisun Bay, SSC is large
- Fall SSC can be large when X2 is landward
- Sediment supply and deposition in preceding wet season do not affect fall SSC



Acknowledgements

- US Army Corps of Engineers
- San Francisco Bay Regional Monitoring Program
- US Bureau of Reclamation
- San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board
- US Geological Survey Federal/State Cooperative Program
- CalFed Bay-Delta Program
- San Francisco Bay and Delta Sediment Transport Project members
- Mike Dempsey, DWR
- Nicole David, SFEI



Conclusions

- When Fall X2 is in Suisun Bay, SSC is large
- Fall SSC can be large when X2 is landward
- Sediment supply and deposition in preceding wet season do not affect fall SSC

